

Mensuration ANSWERS

Problem Set #1

1)

- a) $49\pi \text{ in}^2 \approx 153.94 \text{ in}^2$
- b) 28 in^2
- c) 330 cm^2
- d) Triangle area: 9.6 m^2
Parallelogram area:
 19.2 m^2
- e) $\frac{3}{16} \text{ in}^2$
- f) 54 m^2
- g) 28 m^2
- h) 120 m^2

2)

- a) 960 in^3
- b) 1 in^3
- c) 300 in^3
- d) $27\pi \text{ cm}^3 \approx 84.82 \text{ cm}^3$
- e) $\frac{64\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3 \approx 67.02 \text{ cm}^3$

3)

$$72\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^3 \approx 101.82 \text{ cm}^3$$

4)

$$V = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} e^3$$

Problem Set #2

1)

- a) 9
- b) 27
- c) 10,000
- d) 1,000,000

2)

- a) $\frac{3}{16} \text{ in}^2$
- b) 216 m^2
- c) $100\pi \text{ m}^2 \approx 314.16 \text{ m}^2$
- d) $\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{4} \text{ m}^2 \approx 3.9 \text{ m}^2$

3)

- a) $4 \text{ ft}^3 = 6,912 \text{ in}^3$
- b) $384,000 \text{ ft}^3$

c) $162.624\pi \text{ cm}^3$

$$\approx 510.9 \text{ cm}^3$$

d) 120 cm^3

e) $972\pi \text{ cm}^3 \approx 3053.63 \text{ cm}^3$

$$f) \frac{75\pi}{2} \text{ ft}^3 \approx 117.81 \text{ ft}^3$$

4)

S ₁	A ₁	S ₂	A ₂	S ₁ :S ₂	A ₁ :A ₂
2	4	6	36	1:3	1:9
5	25	15	225	1:3	1:9
2	4	20	400	1:10	1:100
7	49	70	4900	1:10	1:100
4	16	6	36	2:3	4:9
2	4	3	9	2:3	4:9
5	25	8	64	5:8	25:64

5) The square of the ratio of the sides of two squares will equal the ratio of the areas of these squares.

6)

R ₁	A ₁	R ₂	A ₂	R ₁ :R ₂	A ₁ :A ₂
2	4π	6	36π	1:3	1:9
5	25π	15	225π	1:3	1:9
2	4π	20	400π	1:10	1:100
7	49π	70	4900π	1:10	1:100
4	16π	6	36π	2:3	4:9
2	4π	3	9π	2:3	4:9
5	25π	8	64π	5:8	25:64

7) The square of the ratio of the radii of two circles will equal the ratio of the areas of these circles.

8) $45 \text{ cm} \times 90 \text{ cm}$

9) $18\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^3 \approx 25.46 \text{ cm}^3$

10) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12} e^3$

Mensuration ANSWERS

Problem Set #3

- 1) a) $V = 72 \text{ m}^3$, $SA = 108 \text{ m}^2$
 b) $V = 1600\pi \text{ in}^3$
 $\approx 5026.55 \text{ in}^3$
 $SA = 520\pi \text{ in}^2$
 $\approx 1633.63 \text{ in}^2$
 c) $V = \frac{1372\pi}{3} \text{ in}^3$
 $\approx 1436.76 \text{ in}^3$
 $SA = 196\pi \text{ in}^2$
 $\approx 615.75 \text{ in}^2$
 d) $V = \frac{800\sqrt{119}}{3} \text{ cm}^3$
 $\approx 2909 \text{ cm}^3$
 $SA = 1360 \text{ cm}^2$
- 2) a) 8:1
 b) 27:1
 c) 125:27
- 3) a) 8:1
 b) 27:1
 c) 125:27
- 4) The ratio of the volumes of two similar solids is equal to the cube of the ratio of their edges or radii.
- 5) $\frac{10\sqrt{2}\pi}{\pi} \text{ ft} \approx 7.979 \text{ ft}$
- 6) a) $\sqrt{2}:1$
 b) 2:1
 c) 2:1
 d) 4:1
- 7) $\frac{88}{\pi} - 2 \text{ ft} \approx 26.011 \text{ ft}$
- 8) C:T:O = 6:2:1

Problem Set #4

- 1) a) $V = 54\pi \text{ in}^3 \approx 169.65 \text{ in}^3$
 $SA = 54\pi \text{ in}^2 \approx 169.65 \text{ in}^2$
 b) $V = \frac{500\sqrt{2}}{3} \text{ cm}^3 \approx 235.7 \text{ cm}^3$
 $SA = 100 + 100\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2 \approx 273.21$
- 2) $\frac{550\pi}{3} \text{ in}^2 \approx 575.96 \text{ in}^2$
- 3) $9\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^3 \approx 12.73 \text{ cm}^3$
- 4) $2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{45}{2\pi}} \text{ ft.} \approx 3.86 \text{ ft.}$
- 5) $\sqrt{\frac{30}{\pi}} \text{ ft.} \approx 3.1 \text{ ft}$
- 6) $a^2 : b^2$
- 7) a) $a^2 : b^2$
 b) $a^3 : b^3$
- 8) Take the logs to be cylinders. If the smaller log has a height of h and a diameter of d , then the bigger log has a height of $1.6h$ and a diameter of $1.6d$. Using a ratio yields an answer of 40.96 lbs.
- 9) a) 6×2.5
 b) $4\sqrt{15} \approx 15.492$
 c) $2\sqrt{15\pi} \approx 13.73$
- 10) 5 m^2
- 11) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}B^2$
- 12) $80\pi \approx 251.33$
- 13) $\pi r k$
- 14) $\frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ fl. oz.}$
- 15) $L + M = \frac{ab}{2}$

Mensuration ANSWERS

Problem Set #5

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1) ≈ 2.9584 times greater or
195.84% greater.</p> <p>2) 125 times greater.</p> <p>3) $144\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^3 \approx 203.65 \text{ cm}^3$</p> <p>4) $\approx 26\%$</p> <p>5) See full explanations of 5b
and 5c on the following
page.</p> <p>a) $\sqrt{3} : 1$</p> <p>b) $\sqrt{3} : 1$</p> <p>c) $3 : 1$</p> <p>6)</p> <p>a) Let x be the radius of the
larger sphere, y be the
radius of the middle
sphere and z be the radius
of the smaller sphere.
From problem 5a, we
know the ratio of
$x : y = \sqrt{3} : 1$ and
$y : z = \sqrt{3} : 1$ thus
$x : z = 3 : 1$</p> | <p>b) 3:1</p> <p>c) 3:1</p> <p>d) 3:1</p> <p>7) $12 : \pi \approx 3.82 : 1$</p> <p>8) $24 : \pi\sqrt{5} \approx 3.42 : 1$</p> <p>9) $6 : \pi \approx 1.91 : 1$</p> <p>10) $6 : \pi \approx 1.91 : 1$</p> <p>11) This is a tricky problem
without trigonometry. The
easiest way to complete it is
to use an altitude from one of
the base angles. This will
create a 30-60-90 triangle.
Using this we find that the
area of the triangle is $\frac{1}{4}$.</p> <p>12) See full explanation on the
page after next.</p> <p>a) $r : R \approx 0.7187 : 1$
$R : r \approx 1.3914 : 1$</p> <p>b) $\approx 0.5165 : 1$
<u>or</u> $\approx 1.936 : 1$</p> |
|--|---|

Mensuration ANSWERS

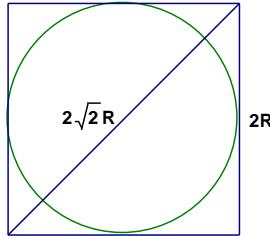
5) *Explanation*

- b) Let the edges of the octahedron be 1. Then the radius of the large sphere is $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$. The points of contact of the smaller sphere and the octahedron are at the center of the faces of the octahedron (which are equilateral triangles). Let one of these points be X. X is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the way up the face. Let the midpoint of the base of this face be Y. Let the center of the larger sphere be C. $XY = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}$.
- $CX = \frac{1}{2}$. Using the Pythagorean Theorem, we can find that $CY = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6}$ which is the radius of the smaller sphere. Thus the ratio of the radii of the spheres is: $\sqrt{3} : 1$.
- c) The sum of the radii of the smaller and larger spheres is equal to the height of the tetrahedron. Let the edges of the tetrahedron be of length 1. Thus the height of the tetrahedron is equal to $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$ (create a right triangle with one of the edges of the tetrahedron as the hypotenuse and the height of the tetrahedron as one of the legs). Now imagine that the tetrahedron sits inside a cube such that each of the edges of the tetrahedron are a diagonal of a face of the cube (see the picture in Problem Set #3, Problem 8). Thus the edges of the cube are of length $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$. Let A, B, C, and D be the vertices of the tetrahedron and X be the center of both spheres (and the tetrahedron). Connect the midpoints of AB and CD (opposite edges of the tetrahedron). This line has a length equal to the edge of the cube and its midpoint is X. If Y is the midpoint of AB, then $XY = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$. Using the right triangle XYA, we will find that $XA = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}$ (the radius of the larger sphere). Thus the radius of the smaller sphere is $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{12} - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{12}$. Thus the ratio of the radii of the two spheres is: $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} : \frac{\sqrt{6}}{12} = 3 : 1$

Mensuration ANSWERS

12) Explanation

Let R be the radius of the big circle and r be the radius of the little circle. The diagonal of the square then is $2R + 2\sqrt{2} R$ which one can see if one were to inscribe a big circle in a square as shown here:



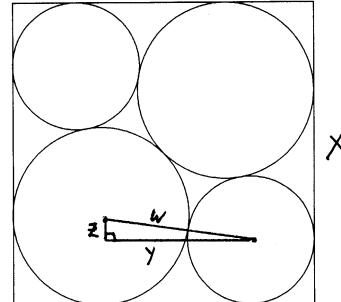
Thus $\sqrt{2} x = 2R + 2\sqrt{2} R$.

So $x = R(\sqrt{2} + 2)$ (Eq. 1)

Using the right triangle in the picture below (which has two vertices at the center of two circles):

$$\begin{aligned} y^2 &= w^2 - z^2 \\ y^2 &= (R+r)^2 - (R-r)^2 \\ y^2 &= 4Rr \\ y &= \sqrt{4Rr} = 2\sqrt{Rr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= R + y + r \\ x &= R + 2\sqrt{Rr} + r \\ x &= (\sqrt{R} + \sqrt{r})^2 \text{ (Eq. 2)} \end{aligned}$$



Combine equations 1 and 2:

$$\begin{aligned} (\sqrt{R} + \sqrt{r})^2 &= R(\sqrt{2} + 2) \\ \sqrt{R} + \sqrt{r} &= \sqrt{R} \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} \\ \sqrt{r} &= \sqrt{R} \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} - \sqrt{R} \\ \sqrt{r} &= \sqrt{R} (\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} - 1) \\ \sqrt{r} : \sqrt{R} &= \sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} - 1 \\ r : R &= (\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2} - 1)^2 \\ r : R &= (3 + \sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{\sqrt{2} + 2}) : 1 \end{aligned}$$

FINAL ANSWERS:

- a) $r : R \approx 0.7187 : 1$
 $R : r \approx 1.3914 : 1$
- b) $\approx 0.5165 : 1$
or $\approx 1.936 : 1$

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

Problem Set #1

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1) $(x - 4)(x - 6)$
 2) $(x + 12)(x - 2)$
 3) $(x + 7)(x - 7)$
 4) $(x + 4)(x + 3)$
 5) $(x - 10)(x - 2)$
 6) $(x + 6)^2$
 7) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) 12^2 b) $x = 15$ c) One. d) Two. 15 & -15 e) Negative numbers. 8) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) $x = 7$ b) $x = 2$ c) $x = 3$ d) $x = 2, 3$ e) No solutions. 9) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) $x = \pm 7$ b) $x = -3, 2$ c) $x = 0, 3$ d) $x = 2, 3$ e) $x = -2, -3$ </p> | <p>13) 6
 14) $2\sqrt{6}$
 15) $\sqrt{17}$
 16) 6
 17) $10\sqrt{2}$
 18) 0
 19) $x - 1$
 20) $2x + 5y + 1$
 21) $-1 + \sqrt{2}$
 22) $x = 3, y = -5$
 23) $x = 2, y = 5$
 24) $x = 12$
 25) $x = 13$
 26) $x = -12, 2$
 27) $x = \pm 9$
 28) $x = \frac{2}{9}$
 29) $x = 0$
 30) $x = \frac{28}{15} = 1\frac{13}{15}$
 31) $x = 48$
 32) $x = -\frac{33}{7} = -4\frac{5}{7}$
 33) 12 ft. x 6 ft.
 34) $(x + 2)(x + 3)$
 35) $(x - 2)(x - 3)$
 36) $(x + 6)(x - 1)$
 37) $(x - 6)(x + 1)$
 38) $(x + 7)^2$
 39) $(x - 7)^2$
 40) $(x + 15)(x - 4)$
 41) $2(x + 15)(x - 4)$
 42) $(x - 7)(x + 6)$
 43) $(x + 6)(x - 6)$
 44) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) 52.5 mph b) One example is:
 $\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$ </p> |
|--|---|

Problem Set #2

- 1) $7x^2$
 2) $12x^4$
 3) $2x^4 - 2x^3$
 4) $5x^7$
 5) x^{12}
 6) x^{12}
 7) 49
 8) $\frac{1}{49}$
 9) $\frac{9}{16}$
 10) $\frac{16}{9} = 1\frac{7}{9}$
 11) 11
 12) $2\sqrt{2}$

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

Problem Set #3

- 1) Can't factor.
- 2) $(x - 3)(x - 4)$
- 3) Can't factor.
- 4) $2(x^3 + 2)(x^3 - 2)$
- 5) $(x^2 + 4)(x + 2)(x - 2)$
- 6) $(x - 8)(x - 5)$
- 7) $(x^4 + 19)(x^4 - 19)$
- 8) $(x + 9)(x - 7)$
- 9) 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, 121, 144, 169, 196, 225, 256, 289, 324, 361, 400
- 10) $-6x^5$
- 11) $27x^{10}$
- 12) $625x^8$
- 13) $2x^2 + 5x^3$
- 14) $10x^2y^3 + 6x^3y^2$
- 15) $\frac{1}{16}$
- 16) $\frac{27}{125}$
- 17) $\frac{125}{27} = 4\frac{17}{25}$
- 18) $\frac{125}{27} = 4\frac{17}{25}$
- 19) -1, 11
- 20) $4\sqrt{3}$
- 21) $6\sqrt{2}$
- 22) 12
- 23) $6\sqrt{2}$
- 24) $12\sqrt{5}$
- 25) -1, 3
- 26) $-1 \pm \sqrt{5}$
- 27) $\frac{7 \pm \sqrt{21}}{7}$
- 28) $2x + y$
- 29) $3x + 4y$
- 30) $x = 2, y = -2$
- 31) $x = 55, y = 8$
- 32) $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

33) $x = -\frac{13}{33}$

34) $x = -4, 7$

35) $x = 0, -4, 7$

36) $x = \pm 18$

37) $x = \pm 18$

38) $x = 0, 5$

39) $x = \frac{15}{2} = 7\frac{1}{2}$

40) $x = -\frac{19}{20}$

41) $x = \pm 8$

42) $x = 4$

43) 8 cm

Problem Set #4

- 1) $-4x^4$
- 2) $45x^8$
- 3) $a^3b^4 + 4a^3b^3$
- 4) $\frac{1}{1000}$
- 5) x
- 6) x
- 7) $10\sqrt{2}$
- 8) $-1, \frac{19}{13} = 1\frac{6}{13}$
- 9) $\sqrt{2}$
- 10)

$1^2 = 1$	$2^2 = 4$
$3^2 = 9$	$4^2 = 16$
$5^2 = 25$	$6^2 = 36$
$7^2 = 49$	$8^2 = 64$
$9^2 = 81$	$10^2 = 100$
$11^2 = 121$	$12^2 = 144$
$13^2 = 169$	$14^2 = 196$
$15^2 = 225$	$16^2 = 256$
$17^2 = 289$	$18^2 = 324$
$19^2 = 361$	$20^2 = 400$

11) $(x - 16)(x + 9)$

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

12) $4(x + 5)(x - 4)$

13) $10(x - 10)(x + 5)$

14) $x(x + 9)(x - 2)$

15) $(x^3 + 3)(x^3 - 3)$

16) Can't factor.

17) Can't factor.

18) $5x^2(x - 6)$

19) $5x(x + 2)(x - 2)$

20) $10(x + 2)(x + 5)$

21) $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

22)

a) $x = -1, -2$

b) $x = -2, 3$

23)

a) $x = -2 \pm \sqrt{10}$

b) $x = -4, -\frac{1}{3}$

24) $x = -7$

25) $x = \frac{29}{45}$

26) $x = -4, -7$

27) $x = -10$

28) $x = -\frac{100}{21} = -4\frac{16}{21}$

29) $x = 0, \pm 8$

30) $x = \pm 12$

31) $x = -\frac{29}{7} = -4\frac{1}{7}$

32) $x = -23, -1$

33) $x = -\frac{7}{5} = -1\frac{2}{5}$

34) $x = -\frac{3}{10}$

35) $x = 2$

36) $x = -4 \pm \sqrt{17}$

Problem Set #5

1) $-7x^3 + 3x^7$

2) $30x^7$

3) $3x^3 + 5x^2 + 7x$

4) $36x^6$

5) $\frac{1}{36x^6}$

6) $11 + 6\sqrt{2}$

7) $(x + 5)(x + 12)$

8) $(x - 12)(x - 5)$

9) $(x - 3)(x + 20)$

10) $(x + 3)(x - 20)$

11) $(x + 7)(x - 7)$

12) $(x^2 + 1)(x + 1)(x - 1)$

13) Can't factor.

14) $7(x^3 + 2)(x^3 - 2)$

15) $2x^3(x + 2)(x + 6)$

16)

a) $x = 4, 6$

b) $x = -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$

17)

a) $x = 6, 7$

b) $x = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{89}}{2}$

c) $x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{29}}{10}$

d) $x = 1$

e) $x = 5, -1$

f) $x = -8 \pm \sqrt{89}$

18) $X = \frac{2 - 3Y}{4} = -\frac{3}{4}Y + \frac{1}{2}$

19) $X = \frac{Y+12}{6} = \frac{1}{6}Y + 2$

20) $x = 1, y = -2$

21) $p = 2, q = -2$

22) $x = -\frac{4}{21}$

23) $x = 10, 40$

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

24) $x = -10$	19) $x = \pm 7$
25) $x = 3, -4$	20) $x = 0, -\frac{3}{4}$
26) $-\frac{64}{5} = -12\frac{4}{5}$	21) Do these by factoring.
27) $-1, -\frac{1}{3}$	22) $x = 9, -3$
28) $x = 0, -7$	23) $A = \frac{B+15}{5} = \frac{1}{5}B + 3$
29) $x = \frac{23}{3} = 7\frac{2}{3}$	24) $A = \frac{6-6B}{4} = -\frac{3}{2}B - \frac{3}{2}$
30) $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{65}}{4}$	25) $x = 10, y = 1$
31) $x = 4, -15$	26) $x = 5, y = -6$
32) $x = 0, \frac{1}{2}$	27) $x = 3, 7$
33) 52.5 minutes	28) $x = 5 \pm \sqrt{46}$
Problem Set #6	
1) $(x + 6)(x + 4)$	29) No solution.
2) $(x - 6)(x - 4)$	30) $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{57}}{2}$
3) $(x + 12)(x - 2)$	31) $x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{145}}{6}$
4) $(x - 12)(x + 2)$	32) $x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{129}}{2}$
5) $(x^3 + 5)(x^3 - 5)$	33) No solution.
6) Can't factor.	34) No solution.
7) Can't factor.	35) a) Bob drives more slowly to work than he does coming home so his trip to work will take longer. b) $17\frac{1}{7} \approx 17.143$ miles
8) $(x^4 + 4y^3)(x^4 - 4y^3)$	
9) $(x^4 + 4y^2)(x^2 + 2y)(x^2 - 2y)$	
10) Can't factor.	
11) $(x + 10)(x + 2)$	
12) $3(x^3 + 10)(x^3 - 10)$	
13) $(x - 7)(x - 1)$	
14) $x = -\frac{1}{4}, 2$	
15) $x = -3, -9$	
16) $x = 5, \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$	
17) $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{77}}{2}$	
18) No solution.	
Problem Set #7	
1) $(x + 10)(x + 3)$	
2) $(x - 10)(x - 3)$	
3) $(x + 15)(x - 2)$	
4) $(x - 15)(x + 2)$	
5) $(x + 1)(x - 1)$	
6) $(x^2 + 3y^5)(x^2 - 3y^5)$	
7) $(x^2 + 9y^6)(x + 3y^3)(x - 3y^3)$	
8) Can't factor.	

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

9) $(x + 7)(x - 2)$	36) $x = 0, -10, 3$
10) $4x^3(x + 4)(x + 5)$	37) $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{33}}{4}$
11) $x = -22, 2$	38) 4, 6 & -2, -12
12) $Y = \frac{-12-4X}{3} = -\frac{4}{3}X - 4$	39) $\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi}}{\pi} \approx 1.5958$
13) $Y = \frac{-3X+5}{6} = -\frac{1}{2}X + \frac{5}{6}$	
14) $x = \frac{17}{3} = 5\frac{2}{3}, y = 4$	Problem Set #8
15) $x = \frac{9}{20}, y = \frac{3}{10}$	1) $216x^9$
16) $x = -\frac{1}{3}$	2) $36x^7$
17) $x = \frac{2}{5}$	3) $6\sqrt{2}$
18) $x = -\frac{37}{260}$	4) 4
19) $x = -2, 9$	5) $\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{5}$
20) $x = 2 \pm \sqrt{2}$	6) $(x + 10)(x + 15)$
21) $x = -8, -1$	7) $(x - 10)(x - 15)$
22) $x = -8, -1$	8) $(x + 30)(x - 5)$
23) $x = \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{5}{2} = -2\frac{1}{2}$	9) $(x - 30)(x + 5)$
24) $x = 0, \frac{1}{2}$	10) $(x + 5)(x + 3)$
25) $x = 2, -\frac{1}{3}$	11) $(x - 10)(x + 2)$
26) $x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{241}}{12}$	12) $(x + 15)(x + 1)$
27) $x = -\frac{11}{3} = -3\frac{2}{3}$	13) $2(x + 3)(x + 5)$
28) $x = -4, 1$	14) Can't factor.
29) $x = -6, -3$	15) $5(x^7 + 2)(x^7 - 2)$
30) $x = \frac{-9 \pm 3\sqrt{17}}{2}$	16) $x(x^3 + 5)(x^3 - 5)$
31) No solution.	17) $11x^6(x + 6)(x - 5)$
32) $x = 0, \pm 1$	18) $M = \frac{20 - 4N}{5} = -\frac{4}{5}N + 4$
33) $x = 0, 10$	19) $M = \frac{5N + 3}{5} = N + \frac{3}{5}$
34) $x = -3, 9$	20) $x = \frac{1}{7}$
35) $x = 7, \frac{3}{7}$	21) $x = \frac{\pm \sqrt{105}}{3}$
	22) No solution.
	23) $x = 2, -\frac{4}{3} = -1\frac{1}{3}$
	24) $x = -29$

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

25) $x = -7, 0, 1$

26) $x = \frac{8 \pm 3\sqrt{10}}{2}$

27) $x = -3, 1$

28) $x = 1$

29) $x = \frac{1}{4}, y = -\frac{7}{4} = -1\frac{3}{4}$

30) $T_1 = \frac{299}{28} = 10\frac{19}{28}$

$$T_2 = \frac{345}{28} = 12\frac{9}{28}$$

31) 8 cm. x 18 cm.

32) ≈ 69.6 mph

33) (8, 10) & (-5, -16)

20) $x = 2, -3$

21) $x = \frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$

22) $x = \pm 13$

23) No solution.

24) $x = -9, -4$

25) $x = -2, 15$

26) $x = \frac{13 \pm \sqrt{165}}{2}$

27) $x = 16$

28) $x = -\frac{172}{21} = -8\frac{4}{21}$

29) $x = -\frac{1}{16}$

30) $x = -6 \pm \sqrt{35}$

31) $x = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}$

32) $x = 4, -1$

33) $x = 0, -3, 10$

34) $x = -7, 3$

35) 7, 9 & -3, -21

36) Bill wins the race in 17

minutes, 9 seconds

(rounded). It takes Jane 18

minutes even to finish.

Problem Set #9

1) $-7x^2$

2) $-10x^3 + 3x^2$

3) $30x^4$

4) $9x^8$

5) 324

6) $\frac{1}{324}$

7) -8, 20

8) $3\sqrt{6}$

9) $X = \frac{1+Y}{5} = \frac{1}{5}Y + \frac{1}{5}$

10) $X = \frac{2Y-6}{3} = \frac{2}{3}Y - 2$

11) $(x+9)(x+6)$

12) $(x-9)(x-6)$

13) $(x+18)(x-3)$

14) $(x-18)(x+3)$

15) $(x+1)^2$

16) $(x-1)^2$

17) $4(x^4 - 7x^3 + 12)$

18) $x(x+5)$

19) $x(x+15)(x-4)$

Problem Set #10

1) $32x^{15}y^{10}$

2) $15x^2y + 5xy^2 + 2$

3) $\frac{8}{27}$

4) $\frac{27}{8} = 3\frac{3}{8}$

5) $(x+8)(x+12)$

6) $(x-8)(x-12)$

7) $(x-4)(x+24)$

8) $(x-24)(x+4)$

9) $(x+18)(x-18)$

10) Can't factor.

Algebra Review – Section A - ANSWERS

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>11) $(x^5 + 2)(x^2 - 2)$
 12) Can't factor.
 13) $(x^3 + 2y^3)(x^3 - 2y^3)$
 14) $(x^2 + 100)(x + 10)(x - 10)$
 15) $x(x + 5)^2$
 16) $x = -4$
 17) $x = -3, -1$
 18) $x = -\frac{167}{56} = -2\frac{55}{56}$
 19) $x = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{129}}{2}$
 20) $x = 0, \frac{3}{4}$
 21) $x = -1, -2$
 22) $\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{33}}{3}$
 23) $x = -7, -6$
 24) $x = 0, 1$ </p> | <p>25) $x = \frac{6}{11}$
 26) $x = -1, 2$
 27) $x = 0$
 28) $x = \pm 1$
 29) $x = \frac{7 \pm \sqrt{89}}{5}$
 30) $x = -5, 1$
 31) No solution.
 32) $x = -\frac{11}{18}$
 33) $x = 3, y = 14$
 34) $x = \frac{7}{11}, y = -\frac{19}{11} = -1\frac{8}{11}$
 35) 18, 12
 36) 48 mph </p> |
|---|--|

Algebra Review – Section B

- | Problem Set #1 | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 1) $6x^3$ | 14) $12x^6 - 18x^4$ |
| 2) $56x^9$ | 15) $x^6 - 36$ |
| 3) $15w^6$ | 16) $x^2 - 12x + 36$ |
| 4) $3c^3$ | 17) $x^3 + 15x^2 + 75x + 125$ |
| 5) $18r^8$ | 18) $x = \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}, y = 9$ |
| 6) $12x^5$ | 19) $x^2(x + 2)$ |
| 7) $3x^4 + 2x^3$ | 20) $(x - 6)(x - 4)$ |
| 8) $5x^2y^3$ | 21) $(x + 12)(x - 2)$ |
| 9) $4x^6y^8$ | 22) $(x^3 + 2)(x^3 - 2)$ |
| 10) $\frac{9}{4} = 2\frac{1}{4}$ | 23) Can't factor. |
| 11) $\frac{2y^4}{3x^8}$ | 24) $x(x^2 + 1)(x + 1)(x - 1)$ |
| 12) 26 | 25) $4x^2y^3(3xy^2 - 1)$ |
| 13) $2x^2 - 13x + 20$ | 26) $(x - 20)(x + 3)$ |
| | 27) $3x^2(x + 4)(x + 2)$ |

Algebra Review – Section B - ANSWERS

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| 28) $x = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}$ | 23) $(x - 20)(x - 6)$ |
| 29) $x = \frac{14}{5} = 2\frac{4}{5}$ | 24) $(x - 5)(x - 4)$ |
| 30) $x = 3$ | 25) Can't factor. |
| 31) $x = 2, 10$ | 26) $(3x + 7)(x + 2)$ |
| 32) $x = 4, 10$ | 27) $x^2(x - 7)(x + 4)$ |
| 33) $x = 6, 7$ | 28) $(x^3 + 9)(x^3 - 9)$ |
| 34) $x = -\frac{51}{8} = -6\frac{3}{8}$ | 29) Can't factor. |
| 35) $x = -8$ | 30) Can't factor. |
| 36) -6 and 13 | 31) $x^3(x^2 + 4)(x + 2)(x - 2)$ |
| 37) 8 ft x 7.5 ft | 32) $3(x + 12)(x - 1)$ |
| | 33) $x = \frac{1}{6}$ |
| | 34) $x = \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$ |
| | 35) $x = 3, 10$ |

Problem Set #2

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1) $2a^5$ | 36) $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{57}}{4} \approx$
-2.637, 1.137 |
| 2) a^{10} | 37) $x = -2, 15$ |
| 3) $-14w^5$ | 38) $x = -5 \pm 4\sqrt{2} \approx$
-10.66, 0.66 |
| 4) $5x^3 + 2x^5$ | 39) $x = 10$ |
| 5) -14 | 40) $x = 24$ |
| 6) $x^2 - 6x - 55$ | 41) $x = -4, y = 5$ |
| 7) $18x^2 + 39x + 20$ | 42) Because $x = y$, one can't
divide by $x - y$ (no division
by zero). |
| 8) $8x^{11} - 6x^8 + 14x^5$ | |
| 9) $x^2 + 14x + 49$ | |
| 10) $x^{10} - 36y^2$ | |
| 11) $x^3 + 12x^2 + 47x + 60$ | |
| 12) $25x^8$ | |
| 13) $28x^6$ | |
| 14) $7x^3y^2$ | |
| 15) $12x^6y^7$ | |
| 16) $5x^2 + 3x^3$ | |
| 17) $8x^{12}y^9$ | |
| 18) $\frac{36}{25} = 1\frac{11}{25}$ | |
| 19) $\frac{5y^5}{3xz^2}$ | |
| 20) $(x + 6)(x + 20)$ | |
| 21) $(x - 4)(x + 30)$ | |
| 22) $(x + 4)(x - 30)$ | |

Problem Set #3

- | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1) $5\sqrt{3}$ | 7) $6x^{18}$ |
| 2) $5\sqrt{30}$ | 8) $6x^2y - 5xy^3 \quad x, y \neq 0$ |
| 3) $50\sqrt{3}$ | |
| 4) $50\sqrt{30}$ | |
| 5) $500\sqrt{3}$ | |
| 6) $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$ | |

Algebra Review – Section B - ANSWERS

9) $\frac{x+8}{x-7}$ 10) $\frac{2}{3x^3}$ 11) $\frac{2y^5}{3x^4}$ 12) $\frac{25}{16} = 1\frac{9}{16}$ 13) $\frac{x^8}{81}$ 14) $\frac{9x + 8y^4}{12x^2y^4}$ 15) $23x^4$ 16) $80x^8$ 17) $8x^2 + 26xy + 15y^2$ 18) $8x^2 + 14xy - 15y^2$ 19) $x^2 + 40x + 400$ 20) $x^3 + 9x^2 + 27x + 27$ 21) $(x - 5)(x - 2)$ 22) $(x - 15)(x - 14)$ 23) $(x - 6)(x + 35)$ 24) $2x^2(3x + 4)$ 25) $(x + 11)(x - 11)$ 26) $4x^2(x - 1)(3x + 5)$ 27) $x(x + 3)(x - 3)$ 28) $x = \frac{51}{13} = 3\frac{12}{13}$ 29) All real numbers. 30) $x = 0$ 31) No solution. 32) $x = 1, 16$ 33) $x = -6, 9$ 34) $x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{21}}{2} \approx -2.79, 1.79$ 35) $x = -7, -2$ 36) $x = \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{3} \approx -0.43, 3.1$ 37) $x = 6$ 38) $x = 1, 4$ 39) $x = -1, y = 3$ 40) 8.625 miles	<p style="text-align: center;">Problem Set #4</p> 1) $8x^3$ 2) $15x^2 + 3x^4$ 3) $x^4 + 8x^2 + 15$ 4) $3x^4 + 6x^3 - 15x^2$ 5) $x^2 + x - 30$ 6) $3x^6 + 3x^5 - 90x^4$ 7) $x^2 - 16x + 64$ 8) $x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 6$ 9) $\frac{9}{4} = 2\frac{1}{4}$ 10) $\frac{27x^9}{8}$ 11) $\frac{4x^2}{3y^4z^2}$ 12) $5\sqrt{3}$ 13) $23 + 9\sqrt{5}$ 14) $9 + 4\sqrt{2}$ 15) $\frac{3\sqrt{5}}{20}$ 16) $\frac{3}{x^3}$ 17) $x^2 - 4x - 12 \quad x \neq 0$ 18) $2x^2 - 12x \quad x \neq -2$ 19) $\frac{x + 1}{x + 5} \quad x \neq -5$ 20) $\frac{8x - 18}{x^2 - 3x}$ 21) -17.5 22) 221.75 23) $x = \frac{3 - y}{2}$ 24) $(x + 4)(x + 21)$ 25) $(x - 28)(x + 3)$ 26) $(x + 28)(x - 3)$ 27) $(x - 4)(x - 21)$ 28) $(5x - 4)(3x - 1)$ 29) No solution.
--	--

Algebra Review – Section B - ANSWERS

- | | |
|--|---|
| 30) $x = \frac{7}{4} = 1\frac{3}{4}$ | 20) $4x^2y^2 - 3x^3y^5 + 2x \quad x, y \neq 0$ |
| 31) $x = -\frac{3}{8}$ | 21) $3x^5(x^2 + 3)(x^2 - 3)$ |
| 32) No real solutions. | 22) $x(x - 4)(x - 5)$ |
| 33) $x = -8, -3$ | 23) $\frac{31}{4} = 7\frac{3}{4}$ |
| 34) $x = -6, -5$ | 24) $x = \frac{3y - 1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}y - \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 35) $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{69}}{2} \approx -6.65, 1.65$ | 25) $x = \frac{-3y - 8}{7} = -\frac{3}{7}x - \frac{8}{7}$ |
| 36) $x = -10$ | 26) $x = -10, 6$ |
| 37) No solution due to division by zero. | 27) $x = 15$ |
| 38) $x = -6, -4, 0$ | 28) All real numbers. |
| 39) -14, -6 or 7, 12 | 29) $x = -2, 10$ |
| | 30) $x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{37}}{7} \approx -1.44, 0.298$ |

Problem Set #5

- 1) $8x^5 - 3x^3 - 8x^2$
- 2) $20x^6y^6$
- 3) $8x^{15}y^6$
- 4) $x^2 - 64$
- 5) $9x^8 + 12x^4 + 4$
- 6) $16x^6 - 25y^4$
- 7) $x^3 - 30x^2 + 300x - 1000$
- 8) $2\sqrt{7}$
- 9) $8\sqrt{2}$
- 10) $\sqrt{7}$
- 11) $29 - 14\sqrt{7}$
- 12) $70 - 30\sqrt{5}$
- 13) -20
- 14) $-3 + 2\sqrt{3}$
- 15) $\frac{21+11\sqrt{3}}{-26}$
- 16) $10x^8$
- 17) $\frac{y^5}{5x^6z^5}$
- 18) $\frac{2x+7}{x^2-4}$
- 19) $\frac{x^2-3x}{4x+20} \quad x \neq 3$

- 31) $x = -2 \pm \sqrt{2} \approx -0.59, -3.41$
- 32) $x = \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$
- 33) $x = \frac{10}{13}$
- 34) No real solutions.
- 35) $x = 0, 1$
- 36) $x = -\frac{1}{4}$ ($x = 3$ yields division by 0).
- 37) 10:26 AM

Problem Set #6

- 1) $45x^{10}y^2$
- 2) $-27x^9y^{12}$
- 3) $8x^2 + 14x - 15$
- 4) $x^4 - 5x^3 - x^2 + 19x + 10$
- 5) $x^4 - 36$
- 6) $x^4 - 12x^2 + 36$
- 7) $3\sqrt{6}$
- 8) $6\sqrt{15}$
- 9) $30\sqrt{6}$
- 10) $60\sqrt{15}$

Algebra Review – Section B - ANSWERS

11) $5\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}$

12) $-36 + 5\sqrt{7}$

13) $19 + 8\sqrt{3}$

14) $\frac{-5 + 3\sqrt{5}}{5}$

15) $\frac{25y^{16}}{9x^4}$

16) $4x^3 - 3x^2y \quad x, y \neq 0$

17) $\frac{x+2}{x+8} \quad x \neq 2$

18) $\frac{4x-3}{2-x} \quad x \neq -2$

19) $\frac{4x-4}{3x-4} \quad x \neq 0, 1$

20) $2x^4y(3x - 4y)$

21) $(x^3 - 6)(x^3 - 2)$

22) $x(x+2)(2x-5)$

23) $x = 2y - 10$

24) $x = \frac{7}{2} = 3\frac{1}{2}, y = \frac{4}{5}$

25) $x = \pm 10$

26) No solution.

27) $x = 0, 3, 5$

28) $x = \pm 4$

29) $x = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{19}}{3} \approx -2.12, 0.79$

30) No real solutions.

31) $x = -7, 5$

32) $x = -4 \pm \sqrt{11} \approx -7.32, -0.68$

33) $x = -5$

34) $x = 1, 15$

35) 13 nickels and 5 quarters.

Problem Set #7

1) $-32x^9y^{13}$

2) $x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 8$

3) $\frac{x-7}{x+13} \quad x \neq 3$

4) $\frac{9y^2 + 10x}{12x^2y^3}$

5) $-\frac{5+2x}{x^3} \quad x \neq \frac{5}{2}$

6) Can't factor.

7) $5(x-2)(x+7)$

8) $(x+10)(x-10)$

9) Can't factor.

10) Can't factor.

11) $x^4(3+5x)(3-5x)$

12) $(5x-2)(x+5)$

13) $x = \frac{3y+18}{2} = \frac{3}{2}y + 9$

14) $x = 5, y = -2$

15) $x = -7, -5$

16) $x = -1, -\frac{2}{3}$

17) $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{19}}{2} \approx -4.68, -0.32$

18) $x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{145}}{6} \approx -1.17, 2.84$

19) $x = \frac{145}{12} = 12\frac{1}{12}$

20) $x = -1, \frac{3}{4}$

21) No solutions due to division by zero.

22) $x = -3$

23) $x = 2, \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$

24) $x = 0, \pm 10$

25) $75 - 50\sqrt{2}$

26) 360 m

Algebra Review – Section B - ANSWERS

Problem Set #8

- 1) $3x^4 + 22x^2 + 7$
- 2) $3x^3 + 21x^2 + x + 7$
- 3) $100x^4y^6$
- 4) $100x^4 - 4x^2y^6$
- 5) $x^3 + 15x^2 + 75x + 125$
- 6) $\frac{4x^6y^6}{9}$
- 7) $x - 4 \quad x \neq 0$
- 8) $\frac{2x^2 - 12x}{x+6} \quad x \neq 2$
- 9) $\frac{x+8}{x-7}$
- 10) $-\frac{1}{2} \quad x \neq 0, 1$
- 11) $x = 4, y = 0$
- 12) $(x^3 + y^2)(x^3 - y^2)$
- 13) $3x^3(x^3 - 4)$
- 14) $(x^{10} + 4)(x^5 + 2)(x^5 - 2)$
- 15) $3x^5(x + 3)(x - 3)$
- 16) $x = 5, -\frac{3}{2} = -1\frac{1}{2}$
- 17) $x = -3 \pm \sqrt{7}$
 $\approx -5.65, -0.354$
- 18) $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{61}}{6} \approx -2.14, 0.47$
- 19) $x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{137}}{2} \approx -8.35, 3.35$
- 20) $x = -1, \frac{3}{4}$
- 21) $x = 1, 3$
- 22) $x = \frac{59}{6} = 9\frac{5}{6}$
- 23) $x = 1$
- 24) $x = -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}$
- 25) $x = -1, 5$
- 26) 18 years old.

27) Let Kate be K and Bobby be B. Also let P be the percent taller than Bobby that Kate is. $K = (1 + P)B$ and $B = PK$. $B = 1$ so $1 = PK$ thus $K = \frac{1}{P}$. Plug this into the other equation to get $\frac{1}{P} = 1 + P$. This gets the equation $P^2 + P - 1 = 0$ which yields $P = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \approx 0.618$ (We eliminate the negative answer). This turns out to be the Golden Ratio minus 1 or the reciprocal of the Golden Ratio! In other words, if G is the golden ratio, it turns out that $\frac{1}{G} = G - 1$. Thus Kate's height is about 1.618 meters.