

10th Grade Assignment – Week #28

Notes: Here are two important things I introduced in Lecture #1:

- $e \approx 2.7182818284590452353602874713527$
- The *Continuous Growth Formula* is:

$$P = P_0 e^{rt}$$

Group Assignment From *Exponential Growth* for Tuesday

- **Problem Set #5**, problems #34-41.

for Thursday

- **Problem Set #6**, problems #30-36.

Individual Work

- Next week’s assignment will include a test on the material found in a combination of both the previous *Logarithms* unit and the current *Exponential Growth* unit. The (below) Individual Work should help you to prepare for this test.
- From **Problem Set #5** (*Exponential Growth* unit), do problems #1-30
- From **Problem Set #6** (*Exponential Growth* unit), do problems #1-26
- Finish anything from the “Group Assignment” that your group doesn’t complete.

— Exponential Growth —

Problem Set #5

Logs and Growth Review!

Calculate each. Use the *Power and Base Tables*, if needed. No Calculators!

1) $64^{-1/2}$

2) $64^{1/3}$

3) $64^{1/6}$

4) 64^{-2}

5) $64^{5/6}$

6) $64^{-4/3}$

7) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2$

8) $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-2}$

9) $\left(\frac{64}{343}\right)^{2/3}$

10) $\log_4 64$

11) $\log_4 2$

12) $\log_4 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$

13) $\log_4 (-1/4)$

14) $\log_5 \left(\frac{1}{625}\right)$

15) $\log_{25} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)$

16) $\log_{25} (125)$

17) $\log_8 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$

18) $\log_4 (1/2)$

19) $\log_9 1$

20) $\log_7 0$

21) $\log 0.1$

22) $\log 10,000$

23) $\log_5 (125 \cdot 625)$

24) $\log_2 \left(\frac{1024}{64}\right)$

25) $\log_3 (9^7)$

26) $\log_3 (3^6)$

27) $\frac{\log_6 17}{6}$

28) Change to log form:

$$9^{-3/2} = \frac{1}{27}$$

29) Change to exponent form:

$$\log_7 \left(\frac{1}{2401}\right) = -4$$

30) Solve for X.

a) $5^X = 125$

b) $x^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{9}$

c) $\log_x 625 = 4$

d) $2^{5X+2} = 1/8$

e) $\log_4 (2x-3) = -3$

f) $4 + 12 \log_{16}(3x+20) = 13$

g) $17 - 10 \cdot 25^{(3x-1)} = 15$

31) Expand as much as possible: $\log_4 \left(\frac{x^3}{64y}\right)$

32) First estimate the answer to one decimal place, then use your calculator to give an answer rounded to three significant figures.

a) $\log_3 70$

b) $\log_9 2$

c) $4^{2.3}$

33) Calculate by using the common log table. No calculators!

a) $\log 38,700$

b) $\log 0.0000542$

c) $10^{4.84}$

d) $10^{-4.6}$

e) $5642 \cdot 398$

f) $\sqrt[8]{12.5}$

34) Kate has \$1107.45 in an account that she started 20 years ago at 2.7% APR (compounded annually). How much money did she initially put into the account?

35) A city’s population grew from 53,000 to 230,000 over a 40-year period. What was the average annual growth rate?

36) Karen’s investment exactly tripled over an 18-year period. What was her average annual rate of return during this period?

— Exponential Growth —

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| <p>37) At 3.8% APR, how long does it take an account to go</p> <p>a) from \$800 to \$1600 with annual compounding?</p> <p>b) from \$9000 to \$18,000 with annual compounding?</p> <p>c) from \$800 to \$1600 with quarterly compounding?</p> <p>d) from \$800 to \$1600 with monthly compounding?</p> <p>e) from \$800 to \$1600 with continuous compounding?</p> <p>38) Given an initial deposit of \$4200, an APR of 3.1%, and an eight-year period of time that the money is invested in the account, calculate the ending balance given...</p> <p>a) annual compounding</p> <p>b) quarterly compounding</p> | <p>c) monthly compounding</p> <p>d) daily compounding</p> <p>e) continuous compounding</p> <p>39) Twelve years ago, Jeff purchased a guitar on his credit card for \$580, but has not made any payments on this debt. How much does he now owe if the credit card company charges 8.5% APR compounded monthly?</p> <p>40) John put \$3200 into a savings account at 1.8% APR compounded continuously. How long will it take for the account...</p> <p>a) to triple?</p> <p>b) to reach \$5000?</p> |
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41) Use a calculator to evaluate each.

a) $\frac{1}{0!} + \frac{1}{1!} + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{4!} + \dots$

b) $1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{1}{6 + \frac{1}{10 + \frac{1}{14 + \frac{1}{18 + \frac{1}{22 + \dots}}}}}}$

Problem Set #6

Logs and Growth Review Sheet!

Calculate each. Use the *Power and Base Tables*, if needed. No Calculators!

- 1) 36^{-2}
- 2) $36^{1/2}$
- 3) $36^{-1/2}$
- 4) $25^{-3/2}$
- 5) $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-1}$
- 6) $\left(\frac{25}{36}\right)^{1/2}$
- 7) $\left(\frac{8}{27}\right)^{-4/3}$
- 8) $\log_5(25)$
- 9) $\log_{25}(5)$
- 10) $\log_5(-25)$
- 11) $\log_5 1$

- 12) $\log_8 512$
- 13) $\log_8 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)$
- 14) $\log_8 2$
- 15) $\log_8 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)$
- 16) $\log_8 16$
- 17) $\log 1000$
- 18) $\log 0.001$
- 19) $\log_2(128 \cdot 32)$
- 20) $\log_6 \left(\frac{46656}{1296}\right)$
- 21) $\log_5(625^8)$
- 22) $\log_{13}(13^4)$
- 23) $9^{\log_9 3}$
- 24) Change to log form:
 $5^{-3} = \frac{1}{125}$

- 25) Change to exponent form:
 $\log_4 32 = \frac{5}{2}$
- 26) Solve for X.
 - a) $x^3 = 64$
 - b) $7^x = \frac{1}{49}$
 - c) $\log_x 4 = \frac{1}{2}$
 - d) $3^{2x-6} = 81$
 - e) $\log_8(3x+5) = -\frac{2}{3}$
 - f) $-4 + 5 \log_{10}(50x-500) = 11$
 - g) $11 + \frac{1}{4} 2^{(\frac{1}{2}x-2)} = 13$

— Exponential Growth —

- 27) Condense. (i.e., rewrite as one logarithm):
 $5\log_6x - \log_6y - \log_6z$
- 28) First estimate the answer to one decimal place, then use your calculator to give an answer rounded to three significant figures.
- $\log_5 800$
 - $\log_5 0.3$
 - $5^{-3.2}$
- 29) Calculate by using the common log table. No calculators!
- $\log 8350$
 - $\log 0.0077$
 - $10^{6.3}$
 - $10^{-3.1}$
 - $637,100,000 \div 54,800$
 - 17.3^5
- 30) A town's population grew from 7,540 to 17,008. How long did this take if the average annual growth was 3.6%?
- 31) A bank account increases by 5.9% annually for 13 years. What is the percentage increase over the 13-year period?
- 32) The enrollment of a school is increasing by 9% per year. If the enrollment is currently 300 and that growth rate continues indefinitely, then what will the enrollment be...
- after 20 years?
 - after 100 years?
- 33) A country's population is growing at 3% annually. How long does it take the population...
- to double?
 - to increase by 30%?
 - to go from 26 million to 200 million?
- 34) If a country has a 1.2% annual growth rate, by what percentage does it grow every decade? Every century?
- 35) John put \$3200 into a savings account at 1.8% APR compounded continuously. What is his balance after nine years?
- 36) Joe put \$3200 into a savings account where the interest is compounded continuously. After nine years, the balance is \$3900.68. What was the APR of the account?
- 37) Arie's birth weight was 8 lbs, 13 oz. Then, after one month, he weighed 10 lbs, 14 oz. (This is fairly typical weight gain for the first month.)
- By what percentage did his weight increase in this first month?
- Assuming that this growth rate continues, calculate his weight at...
- Two months old.
 - Six months old.
 - One year old.
 - Two years old.
 - Four years old.
 - Six years old.
 - Eight years old.
 - Ten years old.
 - Fifteen years old.
 - Twenty years old.
 - Twenty-five years old.
- Note: The weight of the earth is approximately $6.6 \cdot 10^{21}$ tons.