

Answers

for Grade 7 Group Assignments - Quarter #3

Notes for Parents:

- Answers for group assignment problems that are out of the workbook can be found in the “G7 Workbook Answer Key”.
- It is probably best not to give this document to the students, as it might spoil it for them.
- This answer key doesn't include all answers.

Week 17

for Tuesday.

- 1) 9 2) 17 3) 11 4) 37

for Thursday.

5)

Tristan (Melbourne):

From the start of school (August) until October 4, there is a 16-hour time difference, and therefore 4pm MT Friday is 8am Saturday for Tristan. From October 4 until November 1st, there is a 17-hour time difference, because Tristan's clock moved forward one hour on October 4th. Therefore, 4pm MT is 9am for him. From November 1st through March 14 there is an 18-hour time difference between Colorado and Melbourne, because on November 1st Colorado's clocks went back one hour, therefore class for Tristan is at 10am. From March 14 through April 4, the time difference is 17 hours, because on March 14 the US moved forward one hour, and therefore class for Tristan is at 9am. From April 4 until the end of the school year, class is again at 8am for Tristan, because on April 4 Australia's clocks moved backwards one hour.

James (Hawaii):

From the start of school until November 1st, the time difference is 4 hours, so class for James is at 12pm. From November 1st until March 14th the time difference is 3 hours (Colorado went back one hour on November 1st) so class for James is at 1pm. From March 14th until summer break class is at 12pm for James again, because the clock went forwards one hour in Colorado on March 14th.

- 6) a) 700 b) 1.2 c) .12 d) 38 e) 66 f) 352

Week 18

for Tuesday.

1) **Method 1:** Split numbers 1-50 and 51 to 100. Add small number to big number in pairs that add to 101: 1 + 100, 2 + 99, 3 + 98, etc). This gives us 50 of these 101s, which is $50 \cdot 101 = 5,050$.

Method 2: Create pairs that add to 100: 1 + 99, 2 + 98, 3 + 97, etc. This gives us 49 pairs of 100 – 4,900. Then we have to add the last 100, and 50, to get 5,050.

2) 15 C

3) 104 F

4) 27.78 C

5) 62.6 F

for Thursday.

1) $D = 16T^2$

2) 3 seconds: 144 feet

3) 20 seconds: 6,400 feet

Answer #3 is not realistic because this formula does not take air resistance into account.

6) negative \$5

9) negative \$21

12) positive \$17

14) 3 days

7) positive \$5

10) positive \$3

13) negative \$92

15) 16, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{7}{4}$

8) positive \$5

11) positive \$11

Week 19 No answer needed.

Week 20 No answer needed.

Week 21

2) We need to add $1+2+3+4+\dots+199$. One easy way to do this is to add them in pairs: $(1+199) + (2+198) + (3+197) + \dots$. We then notice that each pair adds to 200, and that there are 99 pairs, with the number 100 having no partner. Therefore, the total sum is $200 \cdot 99 + 100$, which is 19,900 yards, or about 11.3 miles.

3)

a)

$$\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ 7 \overline{)161} \\ \underline{-14} \\ 21 \\ \underline{-21} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

b)

$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 50 \overline{)1900} \\ \underline{-150} \\ 400 \\ \underline{-400} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

c)

$$\begin{array}{r} 573 \\ \times 219 \\ \hline 5157 \\ 5730 \\ + 114600 \\ \hline 125487 \end{array}$$

4) 16 and 19

Week 22

1) 10 cents

2) Here is the solution:



Week 23

A Generous King.

This is a preview of the idea of factorial. It is indeed surprising how quickly the number of coins grows. The twelfth person should receive $1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 \cdot 11 \cdot 12 = 479,001,600$ gold coins.

Week 24.

Answer for Seventh Grade Math Tricks – Sheet #1.

- | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1) 210000 | 7) 7 | 13) 14 | 19) 43.2 | 25) 160 | 31) 5994 |
| 2) 0.0054 | 8) 11232 | 14) $0.\overline{287}$ | 20) 1591 | 26) 8800 | 32) 623 |
| 3) 900 | 9) 990 | 15) 792 | 21) 70000 | 27) $\frac{3}{5}$ or 0.6 | 33) 11760 |
| 4) 286 | 10) 3.6 | 16) 25300 | 22) 377 | 28) 624 | 34) 35 |
| 5) 4800 | 11) 3364 | 17) $\frac{2}{3}$ or $0.\overline{6}$ | 23) 4225 | 29) 2704 | 35) 6384 |
| 6) 930 | 12) 16 | 18) 130 | 24) 6 | 30) $0.\overline{007}$ | 36) 2400 |

Answer for Seventh Grade Math Tricks – Sheet #2.

- | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| 1) 3 | 7) 45 | 13) 90000 | 19) 440 | 25) 5609 | 31) 1575 |
| 2) 0.0058 | 8) 7216 | 14) 42000 | 20) 1260 | 26) $0.\overline{2345}$ | 32) 1200000 |
| 3) 4.2 | 9) 39 | 15) 1860 | 21) 6.6 | 27) 3136 | 33) 44000 |
| 4) 220 | 10) 0.4691 | 16) 3599 | 22) 8470 | 28) 229977 | 34) 4600 |
| 5) 836 | 11) 6993 | 17) 9000 | 23) 40 | 29) $\frac{4}{3}$ or $1.\overline{3}$ | 35) 472 |
| 6) 11130 | 12) 0.8 | 18) 13225 | 24) 516 | 30) 11770 | 36) 0.8 |