7th Grade Assignment – Week #25

Individual Work

- Try your best with the *Seventh Grade Math Tricks Sheet #4*, which is found at the bottom of this document. Refer to the *Math Tricks* at the back of the workbook, as needed. (Answers are found in the document "G7 Group Answers (non-workbook) Q4".)
- Do as much as you can with **Sheet #2** of the *Ratios, Part II* unit.

Group Assignments:

For Tuesday:

- Work together in your group on the problems on the *Seventh Grade Math Tricks Sheet #3*, which is found at the bottom of this document. Refer to the *Math Tricks* (at the back of the workbook, and included on the 7th grade portal/assignment page), as needed. (Answers are found in the document "G7 Group Answers (non-workbook) Q4".)
- A Different Scale Puzzle.

Frank has a balance scale that resembles what is shown in the photo here. He has a total of 12 weights: 2 ten-pound weights, and 10 one-pound weights. This enables him to weigh objects in whole number values up to 30 pounds. If he could create weights of any size, how few weights would he need in order to (again) weigh objects in every whole number value up to 30 pounds?



For Thursday:

- Work together in your group on problems #1-5 on **Sheet #1** of the *Ratios, Part II* unit.
- Calculate the following square roots:
 - 1) \sqrt{784}
 - 2) $\sqrt{5329}$
 - 3) Challenge! $\sqrt{148996}$

For Tuesday or Thursday: NIM!

• If you still haven't mastered NIM, then practice the game some more. (See the assignment from week #23.) Remember, your goal is to figure out the perfect unbeatable strategy for all of the versions of NIM, and then to beat the NIM Machine!

Seventh Grade Math Tricks Sheet #3						Elapsed time: Number correct: Number completed:		
Do each problem in your head using the easiest math trick. If necessary, leave your		10)	48•52	20)	107 ²	107 ²		15•41
instea 1)	d of a fraction. 48000÷1200	11)	44•25	21)	22÷4		31)	3000÷25
2)	247.5÷100	12)	75 ²	22)	414–	395	32)	15% of \$206
3)	54•11	13)	120÷25	23)	26÷9	26÷999		24•45
4)	103•105	14)	120•15	24)	12•99)	34)	360÷45
5)	6.4÷4	15)	35•14	25)	49÷6	3	35)	53 ²
6)	2034–1988	16)	53•57	26)	32•5		36)	0.43•10
7)	6•9999	17)	6000÷120	27)	3.1÷5	5		
8)	160÷240	18)	0.034•10000	28)	102•9	98		
9)	13000÷5	19)	84•11	29)	45 ²			

Seventh Grade Math Tricks Sheet #4

Elapsed time: Number correct: Number completed:

Do each problem in your head using the easiest math trick. If necessary, leave your answer as a		10)	15% of \$46	20)	947÷999	30)	21÷999
decimal instead of a fraction.		11)	12•999	21)	35•22	31)	4•69
1)	0.63•10						
		12)	3200÷2400	22)	53•47	32)	103•104
2)	35•11						
		13)	220•45	23)	320•5	33)	34•26
3)	0.022÷4						
		14)	135÷45	24)	56000÷800	34)	90÷25
4)	109•112						
		15)	332÷5	25)	54 ²	35)	227-189
5)	315÷35						
		16)	155•4	26)	93•97	36)	95 ²
6)	25•29						
		17)	260•11	27)	7•9999		
7)	260.15						
		18)	296.5÷100	28)	1800÷3000		
8)	240÷25						
		19)	48000-25	29)	6400÷4		
9)	140÷5						

Ratios, Part II – Sheet #1



7) John is in the process of converting ⁵ / ₁₇ into a repeating decimal. At this moment, his work (which is completely correct, but not yet finished) looks like this:	a) Under what condition will John finally be finished?	20) 21) a)	What is 300 decreased by 7%? Do it in your head. 6 is what percent of
$\begin{array}{r} .2941176470588 \\ 175.000000000000 \\ -34 \\ 160 \\ -153 \\ 70 \\ -68 \\ 20 \\ -17 \\ 30 \\ -17 \\ 30 \\ -17 \\ 130 \\ -119 \\ 110 \\ -102 \\ 80 \end{array}$	 b) Given that the divisor is 17, what is the most number of digits that could appear under the repeat bar, if it ends up repeating? c) Finish the problem. 8) Give an example of a fraction (with whole numbers in the numerator and denominator) that, when converted into a decimal, won't ever repeat or end. 	 b) c) d) e) f) 	 40 is what percent of 80? 6000 is what percent of 8000? 8 is what percent of 48? 800 is what percent of 3200? 140 is what percent of
$ \frac{102}{80} - \frac{68}{120} - \frac{119}{10} - \frac{0}{100} - \frac{0}{100} - \frac{85}{150} - \frac{136}{140} - \frac{136}{4} $	Mental Math 9) $71^2 =$ 10) $41^2 =$ 11) $21^2 =$ 12) $22 \cdot 18$ 13) $34 \cdot 26$ 14) $97 \cdot 103$ 15) $53^2 =$ 16) $24 \cdot 26 =$ Review 17) $7\frac{1}{2}$ ft =in 18) $1.34 \text{ m} = \m\text{m}$ 19) $60000 \text{ mg} = \k\text{g}$	 f) 22) 23) 24) 25) 26) 27) 28) 	140 is what percent of 210? $(0.02)^5$ $\sqrt{25000000}$ $\sqrt{8100000000}$ $\frac{4}{\sqrt{8100000000}}$ $5\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2\frac{2}{3}$ $5\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{2}{3}$ $2\frac{2}{3} \div 5\frac{1}{2}$

Ratios, Part II – Sheet #2

What can be said Using a ruler with this Use the same 1) 4) 5) about any two similar rectangle as given with rectangle. the previous problem. figures? a) What is the base's length in inches (to the nearest 1/16")? a) What is the length of its b) What is the length base in centimeters (to the of its height in nearest tenth of a inches? centimeter)? c) Calculate the ratio b) What is the length of its of base to height in height in centimeters? decimal form (to 2) Find X, given that three significant these figures are similar. c) Calculate the ratio of digits). base to height in decimal form (to three significant 15cm 5″ digits). X d) Calculate the ratio of height to base in decimal form (to three significant digits). Find X and Y given 3) that the two figures are similar. 4m State the two laws 3 d) Calculate the ratio of 6) height to base in decimal of repeating decimals. form (to three significant digits).

7) Bill weighs 120 pounds and Jeff weighs 84 pounds.a) What is the ratio of their weights?	8) Sue averaged 40mph when driving to Betty's house on Monday, and the trip took her 30 minutes.a) How far did Sue drive to get to Betty's house?	Mental Math 9) $31^2 =$ 10) $61^2 =$ 11) $91^2 =$ 12) $56^2 =$
b) What is the ratio of the distances that they must sit from the fulcrum?		12) 30^{-1} 13) $35 \cdot 14 =$ 14) $84 \cdot 76 =$ 15) 200 ± 250
c) If Bill sits 2.1m out from the fulcrum of a see-saw, then how far out does Jeff need to sit for the see-saw to balance?	 b) If Sue does the same trip on Tuesday, but drives at ⁴/₅ of Monday's speed, then what would her average speed be, and how long would the trip take? 	 15) 280÷350 = 16) 180•500 = Review 17) Do it in your head. a) What is 35 increased by 20%?
d) If Jeff sits 3.2m out from the fulcrum of a see-saw, then how far out does Bill need to sit for the see-saw to balance?	c) If Sue does the same trip on Wednesday, but drives at ³ / ₂ of Monday's speed, then what would her average speed be, and how long would the trip take?	 b) What is 35 decreased by 20%? c) What is 35 increased by 80%? d) What is 35 decreased by 80%? 18) 25⁵/₆ + 37⁷/₁₈
e) What does this statement mean? With a balanced seesaw, a person's weight, and the distance that he must sit from the fulcrum, are <i>inversely</i> <i>proportional</i> .	d) What does the following statement mean?When traveling, speed and time are <i>inversely proportional</i>.	19) $(3\frac{4}{7})^2$
		$(20) \ \overline{6_4^3}$